

Potential

Harm

Reduction



Tobacco Harm Reduction

Tobacco harm reduction is a public health strategy that is about minimising the negative health impact of conventional cigarettes including offering smokers who would not otherwise give up smoking an alternative source of nicotine with lower health risks. If tobacco harm reduction is to be successful, smokers need to have access to products that effectively deliver nicotine and offer a satisfactory experience, but with reduced risks compared to smoking.

Develop

Alternatives

Drive

Awareness of

Alternatives

and Encourage

Use

Nicotine

It is widely accepted that most of the harm associated with tobacco is caused by inhaling the smoke produced by the combustion of tobacco.

Products that contain nicotine but involve no burning of tobacco are likely to emit far fewer and lower levels

of toxicants compared to conventional cigarettes and have the potential to be significantly less harmful to health. Nicotine has been safely used for decades in licensed medicinal products. However, in order for harm reduction to be more effective, there need to be alternatives to cigarettes that smokers want to use.

BAT's approach to Tobacco Harm Reduction

We have been clear for many years that our business needs to be built on outstanding products, informed consumer choice and a drive towards a reduced-risk portfolio. We are committed to transforming tobacco and that's why we are dedicated to the development and sale of potentially reduced-risk products that provide the enjoyment of smoking without the burning of tobacco. We have an unrivalled range of exciting and innovative products across the potentially reduced-risk categories including industry leading products in vapour; tobacco heating products; oral tobacco and nicotine products, including moist snuff and snus. Whilst some contain tobacco, there is no burning.

And our commitment to this doesn't stop there. We've also got ambitions to generate over £5bn revenue from NGPs by 2022.



Potentially Reduced-Risk Products Explained



E-cigarettes are handheld battery powered electronic devices which heat a liquid formulation (an e-liquid or sometimes called 'juice') – often containing nicotine – to create a vapour which can be inhaled. They don't contain tobacco.



ORAL TOBACCO AND NICOTINE PRODUCTS

Products that are used by putting them in the mouth – includes snus; tobacco-free nicotine pouches and moist snuff. Whilst the vast majority contain tobacco, there is no burning.



THPs are devices which heat tobacco. They are also sometimes referred to as heat-not-burn products. All THPs contain tobacco – this is a key difference from e-cigarettes. However like e-cigarettes, no burning takes place.







What do third parties say about tobacco harm reduction and the role these new products can play?



Additional Research Required

Further research is needed to comprehensively address the long-term risks of these products. In the interim, however, simply doing nothing and not looking for potentially reduced-risk alternatives to cigarettes would be wasting an opportunity to potentially reduce the public health impacts of smoking.





British American Tobacco Plc www.bat.com