

British American Tobacco Georgia Limited

Registered Number 04067494

Annual report and financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2022

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Strategic Report

The Directors present their Strategic Report on British American Tobacco Georgia Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Principal activities

Until 2021, the principal activity of the Company had been the sale of tobacco and nicotine products through its Representative Office in Georgia (the "Representative Office") as a member of the British American Tobacco p.l.c. group of companies (the "Group"). The Directors expect the Company to be liquidated in the future following the transfer of activities of the Representative Office to another Group subsidiary. Since 2021 the Company has not operated in any material way. (please refer to Note 1 to the financial statements)

Review of the year ended 31 December 2022

The profit for the financial year attributable to the Company's shareholders after deduction of all charges and the provision of taxation amounted to £143,000 (2021: £934,000 loss).

The Directors expect the Company to be liquidated in the future.

Key performance indicators

Given the nature of the Company's activities, the Company's Directors believe that key performance indicators are not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the Company's specific development, performance, or the position of its business. However, key performance indicators relevant to the Group, and which may be relevant to the Company, are disclosed in the Strategic Report in British American Tobacco p.l.c.'s 2022 Annual Report and Form 20-F ("BAT ARA & 20-F") and do not form part of this report.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks and uncertainties of the Company, including financial risk management, are integrated with the principal risks of the Group, and are monitored by audit committees to provide a framework for identifying, evaluating and managing risks faced by the Group. Accordingly, the key Group risk factors that may be relevant to the Company are disclosed in the BAT ARA & 20-F and do not form part of this report.

UK Companies Act 2006: Section 172(1) Statement

The Company is part of the Group and is ultimately owned by British American Tobacco p.l.c. As set out above in the Company's Strategic Report, the Company's principal activity had been the sale of tobacco products through the Representative Office as a member of the Group. The Directors expect the Company to be liquidated in the future.

Under Section 172(1) of the UK Companies Act 2006 (the "Act") and as part of the Directors' duty to the Company's shareholders to act as they consider most likely to promote the success of the Company, the Directors must have regard for the likely long-term consequences of decisions and the desirability of maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct. The Directors must also have regard for business relationships with the Company's wider stakeholders and the impact of the Company's operations on the environment and communities in which it operates. Consideration of these factors and other relevant matters is embedded into all Board decision-making and risk assessments throughout the year.

The Company's key stakeholders are Group undertakings, including its shareholders, government, customs, revenue and tax authorities and wider society in countries in which the Company operates.

The Company engages with other Group undertakings, including its shareholders through regular meetings, intra-group management activities and ongoing dialogue. Primary ways in which the Company engages directly or indirectly, as part of the Group, with its key external stakeholders are summarised on pages 20 to 21 of the BAT ARA & 20-F.

Where the Directors do not engage directly with the Company's stakeholders, they are kept updated on stakeholder perspectives, including through the use of management reporting and Board notes relating to matters presented to the Board during the year which set out stakeholder considerations as applicable to matters under consideration. This enables the Directors to maintain an effective understanding of what matters to those stakeholders and to draw on these perspectives in Board decision-making.

In accordance with the Group's overall governance and internal controls framework and in support of the Company's purpose as part of the Group, the Company applies and the Directors have due regard to all applicable Group policies and procedures, including the Group Statement of Delegated Authorities ("SoDA"),

Strategic Report (continued)

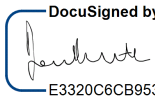
UK Companies Act 2006: Section 172(1) Statement (continued)

and the Group Standards of Business Conduct, International Marketing Principles, Health and Safety Policy, and Environment Policy as set out on pages 45 and 91 of the BAT ARA & 20-F. As a Group company, the Company acts in accordance with the Group's policies in relation to the safeguarding of human rights and community relationships, which are set out on page 45 of the BAT ARA & 20-F.

Certain authorities for decision-making are delegated to management under the SoDA, part of the Group's governance and internal controls framework through which robust corporate governance, risk management and internal control are promoted within the Group. Application of the SoDA does not derogate from any requirement for Board review, oversight or approval in relation to the Company's activities.

The Directors receive training in relation to their role and duties as a Director on a periodic basis. All newly appointed Directors receive training in respect of their roles and duties on appointment, including on directors' duties under Section 172 of the Act. Director training is provided through the Company Secretary.

By Order of the Board

DocuSigned by:

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David Patrick Ian Booth
Director

18 September 2023

Directors' Report

The Directors present their report together with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022.

In accordance with Section 414C(11) of the Act, the Directors have provided an indication of likely future developments in the business of the Company in the Strategic Report under the heading "Review of the year ended 31 December 2022".

Dividends

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year (2021: £nil).

Board of Directors

The names of the persons who served as Directors of the Company during the period 1 January 2022 to the date of this report are as follows:

	Appointments in the period	Resignations in the period
Gregory Aris		07 September 2022
David Patrick Ian Booth		
Anthony Michael Hardy Cohn		
Ekaterina Strong	01 May 2023	

Research and development

No research and development expenditure has been incurred during the year (2021: £nil).

Employees

The average number of employees employed by the Company during the year was nil (2021:1).

Auditor

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Act, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report, and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Applicable law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under applicable law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard ("FRS") 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework*.

Under applicable law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so. As explained in note 1, the Directors do not believe that it is appropriate to prepare these financial statements on a going concern basis.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Act. They are responsible for

Directors' Report (continued)

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities (continued)

such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

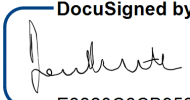
Directors' declaration in relation to relevant audit information

Having made appropriate enquiries, each of the Directors who held office at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- (a) to the best of their knowledge and belief, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- (b) they have taken all steps that a Director might reasonably be expected to have taken in order to make themselves aware of relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of Section 418 of the Act.

By Order of the Board

DocuSigned by:

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David Patrick Ian Booth
Director

18 September 2023

Independent Auditor's Report to the members of British American Tobacco Georgia Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of British American Tobacco Georgia Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2022 which comprise the Profit and loss account, Statement of other comprehensive income, Statement of changes in equity, Balance sheet and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 1.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework*; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the Company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter - non-going concern basis of preparation

We draw attention to the disclosure made in note 1 to the financial statements which explains that the financial statements have not been prepared on the going concern basis for the reasons set out in that note. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations – ability to detect

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included:

- Enquiring of directors and inspection of policy documentation as to the Company's policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud as well as whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud.
- Reading Board minutes.
- Using analytical procedures to identify any usual or unexpected relationships.

As required by auditing standards, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls, in particular the risk that management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition because there are no revenue transactions. We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

We also performed procedures including:

- Identifying journal entries to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation. These included those posted by individuals who typically do not post journal entries or are not authorised to do so and posted to unrelated, unusual or seldom used accounts.

Independent Auditor's Report to the members of British American Tobacco Georgia Limited (continued)

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience and through discussion with the directors (as required by auditing standards), and discussed with the directors the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

The Company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies legislation), distributable profits legislation and taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Whilst the Company is subject to many other laws and regulations, we did not identify any others where the consequences of non-compliance alone could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements.

Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

Strategic report and directors' report

The directors are responsible for the strategic report and the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover those reports and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the strategic report and the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and director's report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Independent Auditor's Report to the members of British American Tobacco Georgia Limited (continued)

Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on pages 4 and 5, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities


Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at

www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

DocuSigned by:

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Nicole Price (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

15 Canada Square

London

E14 5GL

18 September 2023

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Continuing operations			
Turnover	2	—	1,082
Cost of sales	3	—	(528)
Other operating income	4	466	
Other operating expenses	5	(41)	(2,447)
Operating profit/(loss)		425	(1,893)
Interest receivable and similar income	6	46	970
Profit/(loss) before tax		471	(923)
Taxation	7	(328)	(11)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		143	(934)

Statement of other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		143	(934)
Differences on exchange arising on the retranslation to Sterling of the loss for the financial year from average to closing rates		12	(103)
Difference on exchange arising on the retranslation to Sterling (using closing rates of exchange) of (liabilities)/assets at the beginning of the year		(24)	1,018
Total other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year		(12)	915
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		131	(19)

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2022

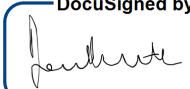
	Called up share capital £'000	Other reserves £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total Equity £'000
1 January 2021	11,406	570	(8,253)	3,723
Loss for the financial year	—	—	(934)	(934)
	11,406	570	(9,187)	2,789
Differences on exchange arising on the retranslation to Sterling of the loss for the financial year from average to closing rates	—	(103)	—	(103)
Difference on exchange arising on the retranslation to Sterling (using closing rates of exchange) of (liabilities)/assets at the beginning of the year	—	1,018	—	1,018
31 December 2021	11,406	1,485	(9,187)	3,704
Profit for the financial year	—	—	143	143
	11,406	1,485	(9,044)	3,847
Differences on exchange arising on the retranslation to Sterling of the profit for the financial year from average to closing rates	—	12	—	12
Difference on exchange arising on the retranslation to Sterling (using closing rates of exchange) of (liabilities)/assets at the beginning of the year	—	(24)	—	(24)
31 December 2022	11,406	1,473	(9,044)	3,835

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	8	3,835	3,788
Cash at bank and in hand		392	344
		4,227	4,132
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(392)	(428)
Net current assets		3,835	3,704
Total assets less current liabilities		3,835	3,704
Net assets		3,835	3,704
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10a	11,406	11,406
Profit and loss account	10b	(9,044)	(9,187)
Other reserves	10c	1,473	1,485
Total shareholders' funds		3,835	3,704

The financial statements on pages 9 to 16 were approved by the Directors on 18 September 2023 and signed on behalf of the Board.

DocuSigned by:

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David Patrick Ian Booth
Director

Registered number
04067494

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The Company is a private company incorporated, domiciled and registered in England and Wales in the UK. The registered number is 04067494 and the registered address is Globe House, 1 Water Street, London, WC2R 3LA.

In 2020, the Directors decided to transfer the activities of the Representative Office in Georgia to another Group subsidiary, and as a consequence, the Company's financial statements for the year ending 31 December 2022 and 2021 have not been prepared on a going concern basis.

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Act and in accordance with FRS 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework*.

In preparing these financial statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of UK-adopted international accounting standards but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with the Act, and has taken advantage of certain disclosure exemptions available under FRS 101, including those relating to the preparation of a cash flow statement or disclosures regarding financial instruments and transactions with related parties.

The Company is included in the consolidated financial statements of British American Tobacco p.l.c. which is incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. Consequently, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements under the terms of Section 400 of the Act.

The preparation of the financial statements requires the Directors to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of income, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements. The key estimates and assumptions are set out in the accounting policies below, together with the related notes to the financial statements. The most significant items include the review and impairment testing of financial assets.

Such estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable in the circumstances and constitute management's best judgement at the date of the financial statements. In the future, actual experience may deviate from these estimates and assumptions, which could affect the financial statements as the original estimates and assumptions are modified, as appropriate, in the year in which the circumstances change.

Foreign currencies

The functional currency of the Company is Sterling. Turnover and profits expressed in currencies other than Sterling are translated into Sterling using exchange rates applicable to the dates of the underlying transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities are translated at closing rates of exchange.

The Company operates its Representative Office in Georgia which has a functional currency of Georgian Lari, and the results of the Representative Office are translated to Sterling using exchange rates applicable to the dates of the underlying transactions. Average rates of exchange in each year are used where the average rate approximates the relevant exchange rate at the date of the underlying transactions.

The difference between the profit and loss account of the overseas Representative Office translated at the average and closing rates of exchange is taken to reserves, as are differences on exchange arising on the retranslation to Sterling of foreign currency net assets at the beginning of the year.

Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of certain monetary assets and liabilities between the Company and its Representative Office, which qualify to be treated as net investments in a foreign operation, are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the end of the year and are taken to reserves. Other exchange differences, including those on remittances, are reflected in the profit and loss account.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Turnover and other income

Turnover and other income is recognised in the profit and loss account when all contractual or other applicable conditions for recognition have been met.

Other operating expenses

Operating expenses are recorded in the period they relate to and are generated in the normal business operations of the Company.

Taxation

Taxation is that chargeable on the profits for the period, together with deferred taxation.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in other comprehensive income or changes in equity.

As a UK resident wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, the Company is eligible to surrender tax losses to, or claim tax losses from, fellow members of the same UK Group for the purposes of calculating corporation tax due in the UK ("Group Relief").

It is Group policy that tax losses are surrendered unless the entity generating the losses has a particular requirement to carry the losses forward. It is also Group policy not to reimburse entities for Group Relief surrendered unless, on a stand-alone basis and assuming the entity were not in the Group, those losses are judged to have value to the entity generating the loss.

Financial instruments

The Company's business model for managing financial assets is set out in the BAT Group Treasury Manual which notes that the primary objective with regard to the management of cash and investments is to protect against the loss of principal. The majority of financial assets are held in order to collect contractual cash flows (typically cash and cash equivalents and loans and other receivables).

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the relevant instrument and derecognised when it ceases to be a party to such provisions. Such assets and liabilities are classified as current if they are expected to be realised or settled within 12 months after the balance sheet date. If not, they are classified as non-current.

Financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs where applicable. The Company's financial assets consist of cash and debtors, including loans (debentures) and trade receivables, amounts owed by Group undertakings and other debtors. These are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently carried at amortised cost.

Non-derivative financial liabilities, including creditors, are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Where interest bearing receivables and payables have their floating rates based on benchmark rates, such as the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"), the Company accounted for the application of replacement benchmark rates in accordance with the Amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") 9 Financial Instruments published in 2019 (phase 1) and 2020 (phase 2) when applicable. The replacement rate Sterling Overnight Index Average ("SONIA") has been applied since August 2021.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Impairment of financial assets held at amortised cost

Loss allowances for expected credit losses on financial assets which are held at amortised cost are recognised on initial recognition of the underlying asset. As permitted by IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*, loss allowances on trade receivables arising from the recognition of revenue under IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* are initially measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected losses. Allowances in respect of loans and other receivables (debtors) are initially recognised at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Allowances are measured at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses where the credit risk on the receivables increases significantly after initial recognition.

2 Turnover

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Gross turnover	—	4,661
Duty and excise taxes	—	(3,579)
Net turnover	—	1,082

In 2021 revenue was generated from the sale of tobacco products by the Representative Office.

3 Cost of sales

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Purchases of goods for resale	—	528
Change in inventories of finished goods and goods for resale	—	—
	—	528

4 Other operating income

Other operating income of £466,000 represents the reversal of an unutilized accrual recognised in the prior year.

5 Other operating expenses

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Staff costs	—	38
Exchange losses	—	1,909
Depreciation of tangible assets	—	95
Auditor's remuneration*	—	34
Other expenses	41	371
	41	2,447

The average monthly number of persons employed by the Company during the year was nil (2021: 1).

None of the Directors received any remuneration in respect of their services as a Director of the Company during the year (2021: £nil). The Company considers that there is no practicable method to allocate a portion of the emoluments the Directors receive from their respective Group company employer for any qualifying services in respect of the Company, as these are considered to be incidental and part of the Directors overall management responsibilities within the Group.

*2022 audit fees in amount of £5,000 were borne by another Group undertaking.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

6 Interest receivable and similar income

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Interest receivable and similar income	46	970

7 Taxation

(a) Recognised in the profit and Loss account

	2022	2021	2021	2021
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
<i>Foreign tax</i>				
Current tax on income for the period	328		11	
Total current tax		328		11

(b) Factors affecting the taxation charge

An increase in the UK corporation rate from 19% to 25% (effective 1 April 2023) was substantively enacted on 24 May 2021. This will increase the Company's future current tax charge accordingly.

The taxation charge for the year differs from the charge that would be expected based on the statutory 19% (2021: 19%) rate of corporation taxation in the UK. The major causes of this difference are listed below:

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	143	(934)
Total tax expense	328	11
Profit/(loss) before tax	471	(923)
Tax using the UK corporation tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%)	90	(175)
Non-deductible expenses	—	(21)
Temporary differences not recognised	—	(398)
Income not taxable	(62)	—
Transfer pricing adjustments	(2)	(2)
Foreign tax expensed	—	(2)
Overseas taxation	328	11
Group Relief (claimed)/ surrendered for nil consideration	(26)	598
Total tax charge	328	11

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022**8 Debtors: amounts falling due within one year**

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Amounts due from Group undertakings	3,826	3,789
Allowances account	(1)	(1)
Amounts due from Group undertakings - net of allowances	3,825	3,788
Prepayments and accrued income	10	—
	3,835	3,788

Amounts owed by Group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand. The variable interest rate is in accordance with the Group's intercompany lending agreements. During 2021, the standard lending agreements within the Group were revised to take account of global benchmark interest rate reform. Prior to 1 August 2021 the applicable rate was based on LIBOR and with effect from this date it is based on SONIA. Management consider the replacement rates in the revised intercompany agreement to be economically equivalent to those used previously. The impact of the change in rates was not significant to the Company.

9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Other trade payables	64	428
Other creditors	328	—
	392	428

Other creditors include an amount of GEL1,182,638 (£328,000) representing income tax payable by the Representative Office. The amount has been settled in 2023, subsequent to the reporting period.

10 Capital and reserves**(a) Called up share capital**

Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	2022	2021
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
- value	£11,406,269	£11,406,269
- number	11,406,269	11,406,269

The called up share capital account records the nominal value of shares issued

(b) Profit and loss account

The profit and loss account includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

(c) Other Reserves

Other reserves include differences on exchange arising on the translation of the retained profits and net assets of the Representative Office from Georgian Lari to Sterling.

11 Related party disclosures

As a wholly owned subsidiary the Company has taken advantage of the exemption under paragraph 8(k) of FRS 101 from disclosing transactions with other subsidiary undertakings of the Group.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022

12 Subsequent events

In 2023, the Company settled a tax payable of GEL1,182,638. The payable was included in "Creditors: amounts due within one year in the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 (please refer to note 9).

13 Parent undertakings

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking and ultimate controlling party is British American Tobacco p.l.c. being incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. The Company's immediate parent undertaking is British American Tobacco (Investments) Limited. British American Tobacco p.l.c. financial statements are prepared only at Group level and may be obtained from:

The Company Secretary
Globe House
4 Temple Place
London
WC2R 2PG